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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/789,864	02/27/2004	John T. Sorensen	SAFTY-001BCG	1170
7:	590 10/24/2006		EXAM	INER
ROBERT D. BUYAN			TRAN, MY CHAU T	
STOUT, UXA,	<b>BUYAN &amp; MULLINS, L</b>	LP		
4 VENTURE			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SHITE 300			1630	

DATE MAILED: 10/24/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
v	10/789,864	SORENSEN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	MY-CHAU T. TRAN	1639				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Faiture to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by status Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mails earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 136(a). In no event, however, may a repleted by the second of the second ABA  The cause the application to become ABA	ATION.  by be timely filed  HS from the mailing date of this communication.  NDONED (35 U.S.C. 6 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23.5	September 2005.					
	is action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-67 is/are pending in the application	n.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	•					
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) 1-67 are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.	·				
Application Papers	•					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.	·				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac		y the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyand	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	·					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	•					
_ , , , , ,						
_ , , , ,						
<u> </u>	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Burea	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	t of the certified copies not re	eceived.				
Attachment(s)	_	,				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Su Paper No(s)					
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08</li> </ol>	5) Notice of infi	ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	•				

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## DETAILED ACTION

## Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
  - Claims 1-17 and 67, drawn to an apparatus with the features of a housing and a lid, classified in class 72, subclass 1.58.
  - II. Claims 18-43, drawn to a system with the feature of a membrane module, classified in class 422, subclass 101.
  - III. Claims 44-50, drawn to a method for determining histamine in a sample, classified in class 436, subclass 135.
  - IV. Claims 51-55, drawn to a method for determining free fatty acids in sample, classified in class 436, subclass 166.
  - Claims 56-62, drawn to a method for determining lipid peroxides in sample,
     classified in class 436, subclass 66.
  - VI. Claims 63-67, drawn to a method for determining sulfite and/or bisulfite in sample, classified in class 436, subclass 119. It is noted that claim 66 is improperly dependent claim that depend on an unknown claim and in order to further prosecution it is interpret to depend on claim 63. Appropriate correction is required.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

2. Inventions of Group I and Group II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different

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inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, i.e. the different apparatus have different structural features. For example, the apparatus of Group I requires the features of a housing and a lid. The apparatus of Group II requires the feature of a membrane module. These features have different means of operations and/or produced different results. As a result, the different inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, i.e. the different apparatus have different structural features, and the restriction between these groups is proper.

3. Inventions of Groups III, IV, V, and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation and effects, i.e. using different steps, requiring different reagents and/or producing different results. For example, Group III requires the method step of determining H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> in the sample as an indicator of histamine. Group III requires the method step of determining the change in color of the xylenol orange or thymol blue to indicate free fatty acids. Group V requires the method step of determining the amount of modified hemoglobin derivative present as an indication of lipid peroxides in the sample. Group VI requires the method step of determining the change in color of the trivalent iron-xylenol orange complex as an indicator of sulfite and/or bisulfite in the sample. These steps require different reagents and/or producing different results. As a result, the different inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together

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and they have different modes of operation and effects, and the restriction between these groups is proper.

- 4. Inventions of Groups III-VI (processes) and Group I-II (apparatus) are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another and materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process.

  (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process such as cell sorting or beads washing.
- 5. Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification and/or divergent subject matter. The different methods would require completely different searches in both the patent and non-patent databases, and there is no expectation that the searches would be coextensive. Therefore, this does create an undue search burden, and restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 6. The examiner has required restriction between product (i.e. apparatus) and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder. All claims

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directed a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained.

Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

7. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention. Because the above restriction/election requirement is complex, a telephone call to applicants to request an oral election was not made. See MPEP § 812.01.

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The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

8. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to My-Chau T. Tran whose telephone number is 571-272-0810.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday: 8:00-2:30; Tuesday-Thursday: 7:30-5:00; Friday: 8:00-3:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter Paras, Jr., can be reached on 571-272-4517. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

My-Chau T. Tran

Patent Examiner August 18, 2006